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SECOND NIGHT LEAD U.N. ROUNDUP (500)
BY WILLIAM L. RYAN

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 3 (AP)—PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV MOUNTED A POWERFUL NEW OFFENSIVE TODAY AGAINST DAG HAMMARSKJOLD AND RAN INTO A DEFIANT REBUFF FROM THE U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL.

KHRUSHCHEV CHALLENGED HAMMARSKJOLD TO RESIGN. HE ALSO THREATENED TO IGNORE U.N. PEACE-MAKING MACHINERY UNLESS HAMMARSKJOLD'S JOB IS ABOLISHED AND REPLACED BY A THREE-MAN EXECUTIVE ARMED WITH VETO POWERS.

HAMMARSKJOLD, TO A TREMENDOUS OVATION FROM MOST OF THE MEMBERS IN THE 98-NATION GENERAL ASSEMBLY, SAID IT WAS NOT THE BIG POWERS WHO NEED THE U.N., BUT ALL THE OTHERS. HE RETORTED IN HIS FIGHTING SPEECH:

"I SHALL REMAIN IN MY POST DURING THE TERM OF MY OFFICE AS A SERVANT OF THE ORGANIZATION, IN THE INTERESTS OF ALL THOSE OTHER NATIONS, 3

AS LONG AS THEY (HE STRESSED THE WORD "THEY") WISH ME TO DO SO." KHRUSHCHEV ONCE AGAIN LED THE COMMUNIST BLOC DELEGATIONS IN A DEMONSTRATION OF TABLE-THUMPING TO SIGNIFY PROTEST, BUT THE SOVIET LEADER WAS SMILING AT THE TIME.

THE DRAMATIC DEVELOPMENT CAME SHORTLY AFTER INDIA'S PRIME MINISTER NEHRU LENT HIS POWERFUL VOICE AS AN OUTSTANDING NEUTRALIST LEADER TO DEFENSE OF THE PRESENT STRUCTURE OF THE U.N.'S PEACE-MAKING MACHINERY.

THE INDIAN LEADER ALSO BRUSHED ASIDE KHRUSHCHEV'S REMARKS COLD-SHOULDERING THE POSSIBILITY OF A NEW MEETING OF THE SOVIET PREMIER WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER. NEHRU SAID, IN A MAJOR POLICY SPEECH, THAT EISENHOWER HAD NOT ENTIRELY REJECTED THE IDEA AND ADDED:

"THE DOOR IS STILL OPEN FOR CONSIDERATION, AND THE PRESIDENT HAS EXPRESSED HIS DEEP ANXIETY TO HELP IN THE LESSENING OF INTERNATIONAL TENSIONS."

KHRUSHCHEV, HOWEVER, SAID HE WOULD AGREE TO MEET WITH EISENHOWER ONLY IF THE UNITED STATES CONFESSES THAT THE FLIGHTS OF THE U2 AND THE RB47 WERE "PROVOCATIVE, AGGRESSIVE ACTS AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION."

HE DEMANDED A COMPLETE CONFESSION OF GUILT FROM THE UNITED STATES AS A CONDITION FOR THE PROPOSED FACE-TO-FACE TALKS.

KHRUSHCHEV REPLIED IN A LETTER TO THE HEADS OF THE FIVE NEUTRALIST NATIONS WHO CALLED FOR AN EISENHOWER-KHRUSHCHEV MEETING.

KHRUSHCHEV BLAMED THE U2 FLIGHT, WHICH ENDED WITH THE CAPTURE OF FRANCIS GARY POWERS, FOR WRECKING THE MID-MAY SUMMIT CONFERENCE IN PARIS.

THE LETTER WENT ON TO SAY THAT THE UNITED STATES HAD NOT DISAVOWED THE "TREACHEROUS ACTS," AND THAT THE RISE IN INTERNATIONAL TENSIONS WAS DUE TO THE ALLEGED POLICY TO CONTINUE THEM. STATING HIS CONDITIONS FOR SEEING EISENHOWER, HE SAID:

"A CLEAR ADMISSION OF WHAT WAS THE REASON OF THE DETERIORATION OF RELATIONS IS NECESSARY. A CLEAR ADMISSION IS NECESSARY THAT IT HAS BEEN OCCASIONED BY THE UNPRECEDENTED TREACHEROUS ACTS OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT."

BUT AUSTRALIA SUDDENLY PROPOSED A NEW FOUR-POWER SUMMIT CONFERENCE AS SOON AS PRACTICAL AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR THE EISENHOWER-KHRUSHCHEV MEETING PROPOSED BY THE NEUTRALISTS. THIS MOVE, PRESENTED AS AN AMENDMENT TO THE NEUTRALIST RESOLUTION, COMPLICATED THE APPROACH TO A VOTE ON THE WHOLE MATTER OF NEW TOP LEVEL TALKS, DESPITE PRESSURE OF THE NEUTRALS FOR PROMPT ACTION.

U.S. AMBASSADOR JAMES J. WADSWORTH HAILED HAMMARSKJOLD'S REPLY A STATEMENT OF "TREMENDOUS COURAGE" AND A "FINE AUGURY FOR THE FUTURE." WADSWORTH LABELLED KHRUSHCHEV'S PROPOSAL FOR SHAKING UP THE SECRETARIAT "THE MOST LUDICROUS THING I EVER HEARD OF."

HAMMARSKJOLD TOOK THE STAGE AS THE ASSEMBLY WENT INTO ITS AFTERNOON SESSION, AND AT ONCE TOOK EXCEPTION TO KHRUSHCHEV'S CHALLENGE THAT HE "MUSTER UP ENOUGH COURAGE" TO RESIGN. KHRUSHCHEV HAS BEEN ATTACKING HAMMARSKJOLD HEAVILY ON THE ISSUE OF HIS PEACE-MAKING ACTIVITIES IN THE CHAOTIC CONGO, WHERE SOVIET POLICY HAS RECEIVED SETBACKS.

"IN THIS CONTEST, THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE SOVIET UNION SPOKE OF COURAGE," THE SECRETARY-GENERAL SAID. "IT IS VERY EASY TO RESIGN; IT IS NOT EASY TO STAY ON. IT IS VERY EASY TO BOW TO THE WISH OF A BIG POWER. IT IS ANOTHER MATTER TO RESIST."

"AS IS WELL KNOWN TO ALL MEMBERS OF THIS ASSEMBLY, I HAVE DONE SO BEFORE ON MANY OCCASIONS AND IN MANY DIRECTIONS. IF IT IS THE WISH OF THOSE NATIONS WHO SEE IN THE ORGANIZATION THEIR BEST PROTECTION IN THE PRESENT WORLD, I SHALL NOW DO SO AGAIN."

CHEERS BROKE OUT IN THE ASSEMBLY. THE AFRICANS AND ASIANS JOINED IN, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THE DELEGATIONS OF GUINEA AND GHANA.

HAMMARSKJOLD ALSO DEFIED KHRUSHCHEV ON THE CONGO ISSUE. "I HAVE NO REASON," HE SAID, "TO DEFEND MYSELF OR MY COLLEAGUES AGAINST THE ACCUSATIONS AND JUDGMENTS TO WHICH YOU HAVE LISTENED. LET ME SAY ONLY THIS: THAT YOU, ALL OF YOU, ARE THE JUDGES. NO SINGLE PARTY CAN CLAIM THAT AUTHORITY."

"I AM SURE YOU WILL BE GUIDED BY TRUTH AND JUSTICE. IN PARTICULAR, LET THOSE WHO KNOW WHAT THE UNITED NATIONS HAS DONE AND IS DOING IN THE CONGO, AND THOSE WHO ARE NOT PURSUING THE AIMS PROPER ONLY TO THEMSELVES, PASS JUDGMENT ON OUR ACTIONS THERE. LET THE COUNTRIES WHO HAVE LIBERATED THEMSELVES IN THE LAST 15 YEARS SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES."

SOME U.N. DELEGATES HAD EXPRESSED THE OPINION THAT KHRUSHCHEV'S POWERFUL ATTACK WOULD MAKE IT DIFFICULT FOR HAMMARSKJOLD TO HANG ON. RECOGNIZING THE DIFFICULTY, HAMMARSKJOLD SAID THE SOVIET STATEMENT "SEEMS TO INDICATE THAT THE SOVIET UNION FINDS IT IMPOSSIBLE TO WORK WITH THE PRESENT SECRETARY GENERAL" AND THIS MIGHT PROVIDE A STRONG REASON FOR HIS RESIGNATION.

BUT, HE ADDED, THE SOVIET LEADER HAD MADE CLEAR THE OFFICE WOULD BE REPLACED WITH A MACHINERY WHICH "WOULD MAKE IT IMPOSSIBLE TO MAINTAIN AN EFFECTIVE EXECUTIVE."

"BY RESIGNING, I WOULD, THEREFORE, AT THE PRESENT DIFFICULT AND DANGEROUS JUNCTURE, THROW THE WHOLE ORGANIZATION TO THE WINDS. I HAVE NO RIGHT TO DO SO BECAUSE I HAVE A RESPONSIBILITY TO ALL THOSE STATES MEMBERS FOR WHICH THE ORGANIZATION IS OF DECISIVE IMPORTANCE, A RESPONSIBILITY WHICH OVERRIDES ALL OTHER CONSIDERATIONS."

HAMMARSKJOLD'S SECOND 5-YEAR TERM CONTINUES TO APRIL, 1963. THE ASSEMBLY VOTED TO POSTPONE UNTIL WEDNESDAY FURTHER CONSIDERATION OF SUMMIT CONFERENCES.

WHILE NEHRU DEFENDED THE STRUCTURE OF THE UNITED NATIONS AGAINST ANY CHANGES IN ITS CHARTER AT THIS TIME, HE FAILED TO OFFER AN ALL-OUT DEFENSE OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL HIMSELF.

IN FACT, NEHRU EVEN SUGGESTED THAT THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY "MIGHT WELL CONSIDER SENDING A DELEGATION TO THE CONGO TO FIND OUT WHAT FOREIGN TROOPS OR OTHER PERSONNEL (APART FROM THOSE SENT ON BEHALF OF THE UNITED NATIONS) ARE STILL THERE AND HOW FAR THEY ARE INTERFERING IN LOCAL AFFAIRS." THERE SEEMED A HINT OF CRITICISM OF HAMMARSKJOLD'S

PEACE-MAKING ACTIVITIES IN THE CONGO IN THIS NEHRU PROPOSAL.

THESE WERE THE MAJOR DEVELOPMENTS AS THE HISTORIC 15TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY SESSION, ATTENDED BY A PARADE OF WORLD LEADERS, BEGAN ITS THIRD WEEK OF POLICY DEBATE.

KHRUSHCHEV TOOK THE OFFENSIVE ONCE AGAIN TO PROMOTE HIS IDEA FOR A THREE-MAN EXECUTIVE, EACH MEMBER WIELDING A VETO, TO TAKE THE PLACE OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL. HIS SPEECH WAS UNSCHEDULED, AND HE SPOKE UNDER THE U.N.'S "RIGHT OF REPLY" PROCEDURE. THIS TIME, THE SOVIET LEADER STUCK TO HIS PREPARED TEXT AND THERE WAS NO REPETITION OF THE EXTEMPORANEOUS, SHOUTING FIST-WAVING PERFORMANCE OF SATURDAY. BUT HIS WORDS WERE TOUGH.

"TO AVOID MISINTERPRETATION," THE SOVIET LEADER TOLD THE ASSEMBLY, "I WANT TO REAFFIRM THAT WE DO NOT TRUST MR. HAMMARSKJOLD AND CANNOT TRUST HIM."

"IF HE HIMSELF DOES NOT MUSTER UP ENOUGH COURAGE TO RESIGN, SO TO SAY, IN A CHIVALROUS MANNER, THEN WE SHALL DRAW THE NECESSARY CONCLUSIONS FROM THE OBTAINING SITUATION. IT IS NOT PROPER FOR A MAN WHO HAS FLOUTED ELEMENTARY JUSTICE TO HOLD SUCH AN IMPORTANT POST AS THAT OF SECRETARY-GENERAL."

KHRUSHCHEV'S PRINCIPAL COMPLAINT ABOUT HAMMARSKJOLD CONCERNS THE LATTER'S PEACE-MAKING EFFORTS IN AFRICA'S CHAOTIC CONGO. THE SOVIET LEADER ISSUED THIS WARNING:

"IF THE MACHINERY WHICH IS CALLED UPON TO SOLVE THE MAJOR INTERNATIONAL ISSUES WITH DUE REGARD FOR THE INTERESTS OF ALL STATES, IF THIS U.N. MACHINERY--THE SECURITY COUNCIL AND THE SECRETARIAT--RESOLVE THESE QUESTIONS TO THE DETRIMENT OF THE SOCIALIST AND NEUTRALIST STATES, THEN NATURALLY THESE COUNTRIES WILL NOT RECOGNIZE SUCH DECISIONS AND WILL RELY ON THEIR OWN STRENGTH TO DEFEND THE INTERESTS OF THEIR STATES, THE INTERESTS OF PEACE."

KHRUSHCHEV ACCUSED THE WEST OF TRYING TO USE THE U.N. MACHINERY TO IMPOSE ITS WILL ON OTHERS, AND HE ADDED:

"I WOULD LIKE FRANKLY TO SAY TO THE DELEGATES OF THIS SESSION: DO NOT SUBMIT TO THE CLAMOROUS PHRASES PRONOUNCED HERE BY MR. HAMMARSKJOLD AND THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE COLONIAL POWERS IN THEIR ATTEMPTS TO JUSTIFY THE BLOODY CRIMES PERPETRATED AGAINST THE CONGOLESE PEOPLE BY THE COLONIALISTS AND THEIR STOGGES."

"I WOULD LIKE TO SAY THAT THE U.S. PRESIDENT, WHO SPOKE HERE, WAS DEFENDING WHAT IS OLD, ROTTEN AND ALREADY COLLAPSING... YOU CANNOT MAKE THE DEAD BREATHE. COLONIALISM HAS LIVED OUT ITS TIME. OUR DUTY IS TO PUT AWAY THIS REEKING CORPSE, THUS PURIFYING THE ATMOSPHERE..."

AS KHRUSHCHEV SPOKE, HAMMARSKJOLD TOOK NOTES, EVIDENTLY IN PREPARATION FOR A QUICK REPLY TO THE SOVIET LEADER LATER IN THE DAY.

KHRUSHCHEV DEVOTED THE MAJOR PART OF HIS ADDRESS TO ATTACKING HAMMARSKJOLD. BUT HE ALSO DAMPENED NEUTRALISTS' HOPES THAT HE WOULD MEET AGAIN WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER. THE U.S. PRESIDENT HIMSELF HAD SAID EARLIER IN WASHINGTON THERE HAS BEEN NOTHING IN KHRUSHCHEV'S PERFORMANCES TO INDICATE A NEW FACE-TO-FACE MEETING WOULD BE FRUITFUL.

KHRUSHCHEV SAID:

"SOME SAY THAT KHRUSHCHEV AND EISENHOWER SHOULD BE LOCKED IN A ROOM AND KEPT THERE UNTIL THEY REACH AGREEMENT ON DISARMAMENT. BUT THIS, OF COURSE, IS NAIVE."

"WE MAY SIT TOGETHER INDEFINITELY, BUT IF NO DESIRE TO COME TO AGREEMENT IS EVINced BY THE PRESIDENT, AND PARTICULARLY BY THOSE QUARTERS WHICH BACK HIM, NO SMOKE WILL COME FROM THE CHIMNEY AS IS THE TRADITION WHEN A POPE IS ELECTED."

AND WITH THIS RATHER VAGUE REFERENCE TO THE POSSIBILITY OF A MEETING, KHRUSHCHEV SKIMMED OVER THE WHOLE IDEA, WITHOUT EVEN REFERRING TO THE RESOLUTION OF FIVE NEUTRAL NATIONS SEEKING SUCH A SUMMIT MEETING.

NEHRU, HOWEVER, SPOKE OF THE RESOLUTION IN DETAIL. HE WAS ONE OF ITS SPONSORS, ALONG WITH PRESIDENTS TITO OF COMMUNIST YUGOSLAVIA, KWAME NKRUMAH OF AFRICA'S GHANA, GAMAL ABDEL NASSER OF THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC, AND SUKARNO OF INDONESIA.

IN PRESENTING THAT RESOLUTION, NEHRU SAID, THE FIVE DID NOT EXPECT A RENEWAL OF EISENHOWER-KHRUSHCHEV CONTACTS WOULD PRODUCE A MAGICAL SOLUTION.

"SUCH A SOLUTION WILL COME ONLY AFTER LONG AND ARDUOUS LABOR IN WHICH MANY COUNTRIES PARTICIPATE. BUT WE DID THINK THAT IN THIS PRESENT SITUATION OF DANGEROUS DRIFT, EVEN A SMALL APPROACH ON BEHALF OF THE TWO GREAT COUNTRIES WOULD MAKE A DIFFERENCE AND MIGHT MARK A TURN OF THE TIDE."

"OPPRESSED BY THE GROWING ANGER AND BITTERNESS IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, WE WANTED TO FIND SOME WAY OUT, SO THAT FURTHER CONSIDERATION MIGHT BE GIVEN TO THESE PROBLEMS."

"WE HAVE SUGGESTED NO REMEDY, NO PARTICULAR SOLUTION IN THAT RESOLUTION. BUT WE DID FEEL, AND WE STILL FEEL THAT THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SHOULD CONSIDER THIS PROBLEM AND TRY ITS UTMOST TO FIND A WAY TO REMOVE THE NEW BARRIERS THAT HAVE ARISEN."

"AS THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES HAS RIGHTLY STATED, THE IMPORTANCE OF THESE MATTERS IS SUCH TO GO BEYOND PERSONAL OR OFFICIAL RELATIONS BETWEEN ANY TWO INDIVIDUALS. WE ARE DEALING WITH THE FUTURE OF HUMANITY, AND NO EFFORT WHICH MIGHT PERHAPS IMPROVE THE PRESENT SITUATION SHOULD BE LEFT UNDONE."

"IT IS WITH THAT INTENTION THAT WE PUT FORWARD THAT RESOLUTION, AS A PART OF THE EFFORTS THAT SHOULD BE MADE TO PEN THE DOOR FOR FUTURE CONSULTATIONS, NOT ONLY BETWEEN THE TWO EMINENT INDIVIDUALS WHO WERE MENTIONED IN THE RESOLUTION, BUT TO THE WORLD COMMUNITY."

NEHRU SAID HE WAS IN COMPLETE AGREEMENT WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER THAT THE WORLD'S PROBLEMS CONCERN ALL NATIONS VITALLY AND NOT JUST THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED STATES.

IN PRECISE OXFORD ENGLISH, NEHRU EXPRESSED OBJECTION TO THE IDEA OF CHANGING THE U.N.'S STRUCTURE AT THIS MOMENT IN HISTORY.

"WITH THE GROWTH OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND MORE COUNTRIES COMING IN," THE INDIAN LEADER SAID, "THAT STRUCTURE IS STILL MORE UNBALANCED. EVEN SO, WE WISH TO PROCEED SLOWLY AND WITH AGREEMENT, AND NOT TO PRESS FOR ANY CHANGE WHICH WOULD INVOLVE AN IMMEDIATE AMENDMENT OF THE CHARTER AND THE RAISING OF HEATED CONTROVERSIES."

ABOLISHING THE SECRETARY-GENERAL'S OFFICE WOULD INVOLVE A CHARTER CHANGE, AND THUS NEHRU, IN EFFECT, WAS OPPOSING THE KHRUSHCHEV PROPOSAL.

THE RUSSIAN CAMPAIGNS WERE MORE BRUSQUELY DEALT WITH BY 24-YEAR-OLD KING HUSSEIN OF ARAB JORDAN IN HIS POLICY SPEECH DURING THE MORNING SITTING OF THE ASSEMBLY.

"ALMOST FROM THE VERY BIRTH (OF THE U.N.) THE SOVIET UNION HAS SOUGHT TO DESTROY THE UNITED NATIONS," HUSSEIN SAID, "TO HAMPER ITS DELIBERATIONS, TO BLOCK ITS DECISIONS, AND BY ROWDY TACTICS AND PETULANT WALKOUTS TO DEMEAN THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL AND THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY."

HAMMARSKJOLD, PERHAPS SIGNIFICANTLY, ARRANGED AN AFTERNOON MEETING WITH PRESIDENT TITO OF YUGOSLAVIA ON THE EVE OF THAT COMMUNIST LEADER'S DEPARTURE FOR HOME.

AND HAMMARSKJOLD ALSO WAS A GUEST OF NEUTRALIST PRESIDENT SUKARNO OF INDONESIA AT A WALDORF ASTORIA LUNCHEON, ALONG WITH ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT FREDERICK H. BOLAND. THE GUESTS INCLUDED MANY LEADERS OF THE U.N.'S AFRICAN-ASIAN GROUP.

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A12UN

AMS BUDGET (500)
NIGHT LEAD NEHRU
BY LEWIS GULICK
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 3 (AP)-INDIA'S PRIME MINISTER NEHRU TODAY STILL PROFESSED HOPE FOR A N EISENHOWER-KHRUSHCHEV MEETING DESPITE A NOTABLE LACK OF ENTHUSIASM FROM EITHER OF THE COLD WAR CAMPS. NEHRU TOLD THE UNITED NATIONS THAT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER "HAS NOT WHOLLY REJECTED THE IDEA."

HE ASKED THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO PASS THE RESOLUTION HE AND FOUR OTHER NEUTRAL LEADERS HAVE PROPOSED, CALLING FOR EISENHOWER TO MEET WITH SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV TO EASE WORLD TENSIONS. "I HAVE FELT AS IF I WAS BEING BUFFETED BY THE ICY WINDS OF THE COLD WAR," THE INDIAN LEADER SAID. "COMING FROM A WARM COUNTRY, I HAVE SHIVERED OCCASIONALLY AT THESE COLD BLASTS."

AUSTRALIA SUBMITTED AN AMENDMENT TO THE NEUTRALIST RESOLUTION PROPOSING A NEW FOUR-POWER SUMMIT CONFERENCE AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE IN PLACE OF AN EISENHOWER-KHRUSHCHEV MEETING.

THE ASSEMBLY VOTED TO POSTPONE UNTIL WEDNESDAY MORNING FURTHER CONSIDERATION OF THE ISSUE. MANY DELEGATIONS SAID THEY WANTED TO OBTAIN NEW INSTRUCTIONS FROM THEIR HOME GOVERNMENTS IN VIEW OF THE AUSTRALIAN AMENDMENT. THE UNITED STATES VOTED FOR THE POSTPONEMENT WHILE THE SOVIET BLOC ABSTAINED.

KHRUSHCHEV, U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER AND OTHER BIG NAME DELEGATES STAYED IN THEIR SEATS FOR THE 50-MINUTE ADDRESS BY THE SPINDLY-LEGGED INDIAN WHO CARRIES ENORMOUS PRESTIGE IN THE WORLD BODY.

NEHRU STEPPED ON BOTH WESTERN AND COMMUNIST TOES IN HIS SPEECH. KHRUSHCHEV APPLAUDED AFTERWARDS AND CALLED IT "A VERY GOOD SPEECH." HERTER APPLAUDED LITTLE AND DECLINED COMMENT.

KHRUSHCHEV, WHO SPOKE AHEAD OF NEHRU, MADE NO DIRECT REFERENCE TO THE NEUTRALS' PLEA OR TO EISENHOWER'S HEAVILY QUALIFIED RESPONSE. THE SOVIET BOSS, HOWEVER, DID ATTACK EISENHOWER AS A SPOKESMAN FOR "ROTTEN COLONIALISM" AND DENOUNCED THE IDEA THAT HE AND THE PRESIDENT COULD REACH AGREEMENT ON DISARMAMENT IF THEY WERE LOCKED IN A ROOM. HE SAID EISENHOWER HAS SHOWN NO DESIRE FOR AGREEMENT.

EISENHOWER, WHO REPLIED TO THE FIVE NEUTRALS YESTERDAY, SAID HE WOULD MEET WITH KHRUSHCHEV ONLY IF ADVANCE NEGOTIATIONS SHOW THIS WOULD BE FRUITFUL. AND HE MADE PLAIN HE SAW NO SIGN OF THIS NOW.

NEHRU ADMITTED THAT EISENHOWER'S LETTER "DOES NOT INDICATE THAT ANY CONTACTS, SUCH AS WE HAD RECOMMENDED, ARE LIKELY TO TAKE PLACE IN THE NEAR FUTURE."

BUT "THE DOOR IS STILL OPEN FOR CONSIDERATION AND THE PRESIDENT HAS EXPRESSED HIS DEEP ANXIETY TO HELP IN THE LESSENING OF INTERNATIONAL TENSIONS," HE SAID.

NEHRU KEYED HIS CALL FOR A NEW EAST-WEST SUMMIT PARLEY TO WHAT HE PORTRAYED AS A SUICIDAL ARMS RACE WHICH MAY EXPLODE BEYOND CONTROL IF IT IS NOT CHECKED WITHIN THE NEXT THREE OR FOUR YEARS.

HE LISTED A CONTINUATION OF DISARMAMENT DISCUSSIONS AS THE U.N.'S NUMBER ONE DUTY. "IF IT FAILS IN THIS, THE UNITED NATIONS FAILS IN ITS MAIN PURPOSE," HE SAID.

NEHRU, CLOTHED IN NATIVE GARB AND CAP FOR HIS MAJOR U.N. APPEARANCE ALSO RANGED BROADLY OVER OTHER TOP ISSUES BEFORE THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION.

GOING AGAINST THE COMMUNIST LINE ON SOME POINTS, HE OPPOSED WEAKENING OF THE U.N. EXECUTIVE AND FAVORED A GO-SLOW APPROACH TO REVISION OF THE PRESENT U.N. SETUP.

HE BACKED THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S GUIDELINES ON THE CONGO, BUT DID PROPOSE A SPECIAL CHECKUP TO MAKE SURE ALL BELGIAN TROOPS HAVE PULLED OUT IN ACCORD WITH U.N. POLICY. HE SAID MANY THOUSANDS OF BELGIANS ARE STILL THERE.

ON THE OTHER HAND, HE ONCE AGAIN FAVORED ADMISSION OF RED CHINA TO THE U.N. DESPITE CONTINUED U.S. OPPOSITION. HE ALSO CALLED FOR ADMISSION OF COMMUNIST MONGOLIA AND FOR U.N. CONSIDERATION OF THE ALGERIAN REVOLT, WHICH FRANCE CONTENTS IS AN INTERNAL FRENCH MATTER. ML320PED

A17UN

AMS BUDGET
NIGHT LEAD HUSSEIN (420)
BY MILTON BESSER

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 3 (AP)-KING HUSSEIN OF JORDAN TODAY ACCUSED THE SOVIET UNION OF TRYING TO WRECK THE UNITED NATIONS, AND THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC OF SEEKING TO DESTROY HIS HASHEMITE KINGDOM. IN A SPEECH TO THE 98-NATION GENERAL ASSEMBLY, THE 24-YEAR-OLD DESERT MONARCH SAID HE SAW A SINISTER PARALLEL IN THE ACTIVITIES OF SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV AND U.A.R. PRESIDENT GAMAL ABDEL NASSER IN THE ARAB WORLD.

HUSSEIN PROVIDED STILL ANOTHER COLORFUL TOUCH TO THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 15TH ASSEMBLY.

THE YOUNG KING, HIS SLIGHT FIGURE DRESSED IN A CONSERVATIVELY TAILORED BLUE BUSINESS SUIT, WAS ACCOMPANIED TO THE ROSTRUM BY A TOWERING MILITARY AIDE DRESSED IN KAAKI UNIFORM AND PINK ARAB HEADADDRESS.

THE AIDE HANDED HUSSEIN THE TEXT OF HIS SPEECH, THEN STEPPED TWO PACES TO THE REAR AND ONE TO THE LEFT OF HIS MONARCH. WHILE THE KING SPOKE IN CLIPPED ENGLISH THAT REFLECTED HIS BRITISH EDUCATION, THE AIDE GLANCED FROM SIDE TO SIDE, OBSERVING THE FULL ASSEMBLY SHOW.

TAKING THE ASSEMBLY SPOTLIGHT JUST AFTER KHRUSHCHEV, THE JORDANIAN LEADER DECLARED "I AM HERE TO REAFFIRM THAT WE REJECT COMMUNISM."

THE SOVIET PREMIER WALKED OUT OF THE ASSEMBLY BEFORE HUSSEIN SPOKE, AND DID NOT HEAR HUSSEIN DELIVER THIS CASTIGATION OF SOVIET TACTICS:

"YET ALMOST FROM THE VERY BIRTH THE SOVIET UNION HAS SOUGHT TO DESTROY THE UNITED NATIONS, TO HAMPER ITS DELIBERATIONS, TO BLOCK ITS DECISIONS, AND BY ROWDY TACTICS AND PETULANT WALKOUTS TO DEMEAN THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL AND THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY."

SIMILARLY PRESIDENT NASSER WAS NOT PRESENT TO HEAR HUSSEIN'S ATTACK ON THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC.

BUT U.A.R. FOREIGN MINISTER MAHMOUD FAWZI LISTENED AS HUSSEIN DECLARED THAT THE AIM OF THE U.A.R., "OUR SISTER STATE, APPEARS TO BE OUR DESTRUCTION."

HE SAID JORDAN WAS SUBJECT TO ABUSE OF MANY KINDS FROM THE U.A.R., AND RECALLED THE AUG. 30 ASSASSINATION OF PREMIER HAZZA MAJALI WHICH JORDAN SAYS WAS INSTIGATED BY NASSER'S REGIME.

THEN, IN DIRECT REFERENCE TO THE ROLE OF THE SOVIET UNION IN THE MIDDLE EAST, HE ADDED:

"THE POLICY OF THE SOVIETS IS TO SPLIT FRIENDS. THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC IS SEEKING TO DOMINATE OUR PART OF THE WORLD. THERE IS SIGNIFICANT PARALLEL IN THESE TWO ASPIRATIONS."

HE SAID HE WOULD WELCOME WORDS OF FRIENDSHIP FROM THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC, BUT THAT HE DID NOT EXPECT ANY AT THE UNITED NATIONS.

ON OTHER ISSUES HUSSEIN REFLECTED THE CUSTOMARY VIEWPOINT OF ARAB NATIONS.

HE URGED FRANCE TO GRANT ALGERIANS THEIR RIGHT TO SELF-DETERMINATION AND THUS "WIN BACK THE RESPECT OF NATIONS."

HE SAID THAT NOTHING HAD BEEN DONE TO PERSUADE ISRAEL TO FULFILL

ITS OBLIGATIONS AS TO PALESTINE, AND THAT THERE CAN BE NO PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST WITHOUT "AN HONORABLE AND JUST SOLUTION OF THE PALESTINE TRAGEDY."

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A63'UN

BULLETIN
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 3 (AP)-SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV SAID TONIGHT HE WILL MEET PRESIDENT EISENHOWER PROVIDED THAT THE UNITED STATES ADMITS THAT THE FLIGHTS OF THE U2 AND THE RB 47 WERE "TREACHEROUS ACTS."

KHRUSHCHEV MADE THE STATEMENTS IN A REPLY TO FIVE NEUTRALIST NATIONS WHO INTRODUCED A RESOLUTION IN THE UNITED NATIONS URGING A PERSONAL MEETING

BETWEEN HIM AND EISENHOWER.

KHRUSHCHEV REPEATED HIS CHARGES THAT THE FLIGHTS OF THE U2 AND RB47 CONSTITUTED "FLAGRANT VIOLATIONS" OF RUSSIA'S TERRITORIAL SOVEREIGNTY. HE CONTINUED, "THE U.S. GOVERNMENT ... REPEATEDLY REAFFIRMED THE SAID TREACHEROUS POLICY ALTHOUGH THIS POLICY REPRESENTS AN UNPRECEDENTED VIOLATION OF THE VERY FOUNDATION OF INTERNATIONAL LAW."

THEN, STATING HIS CONDITIONS FOR MEETING EISENHOWER, THE SOVIET PREMIER SAID:

"A CLEAR ADMISSION OF WHAT WAS THE REASON FOR THE DETERIORATION OF RELATIONS IS NECESSARY.

"A CLEAR ADMISSION IS NECESSARY THAT IT HAS BEEN OCCASIONED BY THE UNPRECEDENTED TREACHEROUS ACTS OF THE U.S. GOVERNMENT WHICH CHOSE THE WAY OF CARRYING OUT PROVOCATIVE, AGGRESSIVE ACTS AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION.

"IN OTHER WORDS WE ARE READY TO ESTABLISH CONTACTS AND ENTER INTO NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE PRESIDENT AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES, HAVING IN MIND THAT THE U.S. GOVERNMENT WILL FIND COURAGE TO CONDEMN THE ABOVE-MENTIONED ACTS THAT BROUGHT ABOUT A DETERIORATION OF THE SOVIET-AMERICAN RELATIONS AND WILL SHOW GOOD WILL TOWARD THE PRACTICAL IMPROVEMENT OF THESE RELATIONS."

KHRUSHCHEV'S REPLY WAS CONTAINED IN A LETTER ADDRESSED TO THE HEADS OF STATE OF GHANA, INDIA, INDONESIA, YUGOSLAVIA AND THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC.

HE REITERATED HIS CONTENTION THAT IT WAS THE U2 FLIGHT THAT WRECKED THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE IN PARIS LAST MAY 16.

AND HE SAID SUBSEQUENT EVENTS SHOWED THAT THE UNITED STATES "HAS NO SERIOUS INTENTIONS TO SEEK THE SOLUTION OF OUTSTANDING PROBLEMS DIVIDING STATES."

THIS ECHOED EISENHOWER'S REPLY TO THE NEUTRALIST NATIONS, GIVEN SUNDAY NIGHT. THE PRESIDENT SAID THAT SOVIET ACTIONS IN THE MONTHS SINCE THE ABORTIVE SUMMIT WERE TO BLAME FOR THE RISE OF INTERNATIONAL TENSIONS.

KHRUSHCHEV REFERRED TO THE PRESIDENT'S LETTER TO THE NEUTRALS. HIS LETTER SAID:

"THE U.S. PRESIDENT HAS PLACED HIMSELF, DUE TO THE ABOVE-MENTIONED POLICY, IN SUCH A POSITION THAT IT IS APPARENTLY DIFFICULT FOR HIM TO ENTER INTO CONTACTS WITH THE HEAD OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT WHICH COULD GIVE POSITIVE RESULTS.

"IT IS QUITE OBVIOUS THAT ANY ATTEMPT TO ADVANCE SOME PRELIMINARY CONDITIONS FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF SUCH CONTACTS, BY THE SIDE WHICH HAS EMBARKED ON THE ROAD OF PERFDY, IS BUT ANOTHER EVIDENCE THAT THE PRESENT GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES HAS NO SERIOUS INTENTIONS TO SEEK THE SOLUTION OF OUTSTANDING PROBLEMS DIVIDING STATES, BY MEANS OF THE PARTICIPANTS IN SUCH NEGOTIATIONS."

PS733PED NM

A34'UN

BULLETIN

UNITED NATIONS, OCT. 3 (AP)-AUSTRALIA PROPOSED TODAY A NEW FOUR-POWER SUMMIT CONFERENCE AT THE EARLIEST PRACTICABLE DATE IN PLACE OF A NEUTRALIST PLAN FOR A MEETING BETWEEN SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV AND PRESIDENT EISENHOWER.

THE AUSTRALIAN MOVE WAS EXPECTED TO DELAY A VOTE ON THE NEUTRAL NATIONS PLAN SLATED FOR ACTION IN THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY LATER TODAY.

THE NEW PLAN WAS OFFERED AS AN AMENDMENT TO A RESOLUTION SPONSORED BY YUGOSLAVIA, GHANA, INDONESIA, INDIA AND THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC. IT WAS DRAFTED AFTER AUSTRALIAN PRIME MINISTER ROBERT G. MENZIES CONFERRED WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER IN WASHINGTON YESTERDAY.

EISENHOWER EXPRESSED DOUBT LAST NIGHT THAT A MEETING BETWEEN HIMSELF AND KHRUSHCHEV WOULD BE USEFUL UNDER PRESENT CIRCUMSTANCES.

ML444PED

A152

U R G E N T

FIRST LEAD U.N.-CHINA

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., TUESDAY, OCT. 4 (AP)-THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY WRANGLLED PAST MIDNIGHT OVER WHETHER TO STAGE A FULL DEBATE ON THE QUESTION OF SEATING COMMUNIST CHINA IN THE UNITED NATIONS. THE PROSPECT WAS THAT IT WOULDN'T.

IN A 3 1/2-HOUR DISCUSSION, 11 COUNTRIES CAME OUT IN FAVOR OF A SOVIET REQUEST TO PUT THE MATTER ON THE AGENDA OF THE 98-NATION ASSEMBLY. BUT THE OUTLOOK WAS THAT IN THE END THE ASSEMBLY WOULD DECIDE FOR THE 11TH STRAIGHT YEAR TO SHELVE THE ISSUE UNTIL NEXT SESSION.

SHORTLY AFTER MIDNIGHT, THE DISCUSSION WAS SUSPENDED UNTIL WEDNESDAY NIGHT. BUT THE NUMBER OF SPEAKERS WAITING TO BE HEARD INDICATED A VOTE WOULD NOT COME BEFORE THE END OF THE WEEK.

THE ISSUE AT THE NIGHT MEETING WAS AN AMERICAN RESOLUTION, RECOMMENDED BY THE 21-NATION STEERING COMMITTEE, THAT WOULD HAVE THE ASSEMBLY REJECT THE SOVIET REQUEST AND CONSIDER NO PROPOSALS AT THE CURRENT 15TH SESSION TO OUST CHINESE NATIONALIST OR SEAT CHINESE COMMUNIST DELEGATIONS.

DESPITE THE EXPECTATION THAT THE RESOLUTION ULTIMATELY WOULD BE APPROVED, ONLY BRITAIN SPOKE IN FAVOR OF IT LAST NIGHT, ARGUING THAT THE CHINESE QUESTION WAS STILL TOO CONTROVERSIAL. FOUR COMMUNIST AND SEVEN NEUTRALIST DELEGATIONS URGED CONSIDERATION OF RED CHINA'S CLAIM TO MEMBERSHIP.

ABDUL RAHMAN PAZHWAQ OF AFGHANISTAN LED OFF AND DEFENSE MINISTER V.K. KRISHNA MENON OF INDIA WOUND UP THE NIGHT'S SPEECHMAKING. MENON SAID EVEN U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER HAD STATED PUBLICLY THAT RED CHINA'S PARTICIPATION IN DISARMAMENT WAS INEVITABLE.

CZECHOSLOVAK PRESIDENT ANTONIN NOVOTNY ALSO CALLED FOR A REVERSAL OF THE STEERING COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION.

NOVOTNY SAID HE CONSIDERED THE U.S. OPPOSITION TO ACTION ON THE CHINA REPRESENTATION QUESTION AS PROVOCATIVE AND UNACCEPTABLE. THE SEATING OF THE PEIPING REGIME, HE SAID, WOULD ENHANCE THE PRESTIGE OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

JOINING IN THE HIGH-LEVEL COMMUNIST DRIVE, ALBANIAN PRIME MINISTER MEHMET SHEHU CHARGED THAT THE UNITED STATES HAD PREVENTED U.N. ACTION IN THE PAST BY "INTRIGUES, BLACKMAIL, PRESSURE."

PEIPING'S CAUSE WAS PRESSED BY TODOR ZHIVKOV, FIRST SECRETARY OF THE BULGARIAN COMMUNIST PARTY.

"THE CHINESE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC WILL SOONER OR LATER TAKE ITS RIGHTFUL PLACE IN THE UNITED NATIONS," ZHIVKOV DECLARED, "WHETHER THE UNITED STATES WANTS IT OR NOT."

AMBASSADOR U TANT OF BURMA TOLD THE ASSEMBLY THAT COMMUNIST CHINA

30.24-13111

SHOULD HAVE A SEAT IN THE UNITED NATIONS. THE U.N., HE SAID "IS NOT A SUNDAY SCHOOL FOR GOOD GOVERNMENTS ONLY."

AMBASSADOR OMAR LOUFTI OF THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC SAID THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY HAD A MORAL DUTY TO AT LEAST DEBATE THE QUESTION OF WHO SHOULD SIT IN THE U.N. FOR CHINA.

"WE CANNOT KEEP DEFERRING THIS ITEM FROM SESSION TO SESSION," HE SAID. "WE MUST FACE UP TO THIS QUESTION AS WE DO WITH OTHER PROBLEMS."

AMBASSADOR RISHIKESH SHAHA OF NEPAL SAID IT WAS NOT VALID TO ARGUE THAT RED CHINA SHOULD BE BARRED BECAUSE SHE HAD FOUGHT AGAINST THE U.N. FORCES IN KOREA. HE SAID "QUITE A FEW AGGRESSOR NATIONS OF YESTERDAY ARE AMONG THE MEMBER NATIONS" OF THE WORLD BODY.

SHAHA FORMALLY INTRODUCED AMENDMENTS TO REVERSE THE STEERING COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATION AND GRANT A SOVIET REQUEST TO PUT THE QUESTION OF CHINA'S SEAT ON THE AGENDA.

ISMAEL TOURE, GUINEAN MINISTER OF PUBLIC WORKS, TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS, INTRODUCED A SUBAMENDMENT TO HAVE THE ASSEMBLY CONSIDER ANY PROPOSALS IT MIGHT GET TO SEAT RED CHINA.

HAROLD BEELEY OF BRITAIN SAID THE SEATING OF COMMUNIST CHINA COULD NOT BE POSTPONED FOREVER BUT VIEWS ON THE SUBJECT WERE SO STRONGLY HELD NOW THAT DISCUSSION WOULD NOT CONTRIBUTE TO A SOLUTION.

FOREIGN MINISTER AKO-ADJEI OF GHANA EXPRESSED FEAR THAT BARRING RED CHINA BECAUSE THE UNITED STATES DID NOT LIKE ITS POLICIES COULD SET A PRECEDENT FOR BARRING NEW AFRICAN COUNTRIES.

"IN OUR STRUGGLE FOR INDEPENDENCE FROM COLONIALISM IN AFRICA," HE SAID, "WE HAVE FOUND THAT EVERY FORM OF AFRICAN NATIONALISM HAS BEEN BRANDED AS COMMUNISM."

HE CITED SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER'S RECENT REMARK TO CORRESPONDENTS THAT PRESIDENT KWAME NKRUMAH OF GHANA HAD STAMPED HIMSELF AS LEANING TOWARD THE SOVIET BLOC. THE MINISTER TERMED THIS "UNCHARITABLE."

HUNGARIAN FOREIGN MINISTER ENDRE SIK SAID HERTER IDENTIFIED THE UNITED NATIONS' INTERESTS WITH THE UNITED STATES' INTERESTS.

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A99

OUTSIDE THE U.N. (310)

NEW YORK, OCT 3 (AP)--SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV HIT THE SOCIAL TRAIL TONIGHT AT FULL SPEED. AS A RESULT, HE ENDED UP WAITING FOR HIS HOST AT THE FIRST RECEPTION HE ATTENDED.

THE KREMLIN LEADER ARRIVED AT THE STARLIGHT ROOF OF THE WALDORF-ASTORIA HOTEL FOR INDONESIAN PRESIDENT SUKARNO'S RECEPTION. BUT SUKARNO WASN'T THERE YET AND KHRUSHCHEV HAD TO WAIT SEVEN MINUTES FOR THE HOST.

KHRUSHCHEV CIRCULATED AMONG THE GUESTS AND, WHEN NEWSMEN CONGREGATED ABOUT HIM, HE PLEADED GAILY:

"HAVE MERCY, HAVE MERCY. I THOUGHT THAT THE PRESIDENT INSTRUCTED YOU TO PAY AS LITTLE ATTENTION TO KHRUSHCHEV AS POSSIBLE. WHY ARE YOU NOT FOLLOWING OUT THESE INSTRUCTIONS?"

ONE OF THE INDONESIAN GROUP ASKED WHAT HE THOUGHT OF THE UNITED STATES AND KHRUSHCHEV REPLIED:

"AMERICA IS A GOOD COUNTRY. BUT RUSSIA IS THE BEST. I WON'T GET LOST IN AMERICA--THE POLICE WON'T LET ME."

IN A DISCUSSION OF HOUSING, A REPORTER SUGGESTED COMMUNIST BIG-WIGS GET THE BEST HOUSING IN EAST GERMANY. KHRUSHCHEV SAID:

"I'VE HEARD THAT BEFORE. THE MORE YOU KEEP ON WRITING THAT, THE MORE YOU BELIEVE IT. I'M NOT IN ANY WAY HERE AS AN AGITATOR. I'M MERELY STATING THE FACTS."

DR. N. FATEMI, FORMER DELEGATE FROM IRAN TO THE UNITED NATIONS, AND NOW CHAIRMAN OF THE SOCIAL SCIENCE DEPARTMENT OF FAIRLEIGH DICKINSON UNIVERSITY IN RUTHERFORD, N.J., COMPLAINED THAT HE'S BEEN TRYING VAINLY FOR 18 MONTHS TO GET A VISA TO VISIT RUSSIA.

"THEY TOLD ME I WAS HOSTILE," FATEMI TOLD KHRUSHCHEV. "WHY DON'T YOU GIVE ME A VISA. I'M ANTI-COMMUNIST, BUT NOT ANTI-SOVIET."

"I WILL DO MY BEST," KHRUSHCHEV ASSURED HIM. "I KNOW ABOUT YOU AND FROM WHAT I KNOW ABOUT YOUR ORATORY, I AM A RABBIT COMPARED TO YOU."

THEN, AFTER PUMPING SUKARNO'S HAND IN FAREWELL, KHRUSHCHEV WAS OFF FOR THE HOTEL PIERRE AND A RECEPTION BY THE ETHIOPIAN U.N. DELEGATION. IN HIS 20 MINUTE STAY THERE, HE CONTINUED JOVIAL, PATTING CHILDREN ON THE HEAD AND TOASTING ETHIOPIA'S EMPEROR IN CHAMPAGNE.

ALSO PRESENT WERE ALBANIAN PREMIER MEHMET SHEHU AND INDIAN DEFENSE MINISTER V. K. KRISHNA MENON.

SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO FINALLY HAD TO REMIND KHRUSHCHEV THERE WAS YET ANOTHER RECEPTION AWAITING THEM.

AT THE BULGARIAN U.N. MISSION KHRUSHCHEV FOLLOWED HIS SOCIALIZING --OVER A GLASS OF RED WINE AND A BIT OF CHEESE AND RED PEPPER--WITH A ONE-HOUR IMPROMPTU NEWS CONFERENCE.

HE SAID HE WASN'T SURPRISED AT THE DEFENSE OF U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD AND CRITICISM OF KHRUSHCHEV BY U.S. CHIEF U.N. DELEGATE JAMES WADSWORTH.

BUT "I'D BE SURPRISED IF I HEARD THE SAME FROM KADAR," HE SAID, BURSTING INTO LAUGHTER. HUNGARIAN COMMUNIST CHIEF JANOS KADAR WAS NEARBY.

ALTHOUGH IT WAS REPORTED TODAY KHRUSHCHEV MAY BE STAYING IN NEW YORK FOR TWO MORE WEEKS, THE SOVIET PREMIER BRUSHED ASIDE QUESTIONS ON THE SUBJECT WITH QUIPS AND SAID OF ONE REPORTER: "HE'S ONLY TRYING TO GET ME OUT BY JANUARY FIRST."

ASKED IF HE WERE NOT TIRED AFTER A LONG, BUSY DAY, KHRUSHCHEV REPLIED:

"I USED TO WORK 12 HOURS A DAY FOR A CAPITALIST. NOW I WORK FOR MYSELF, AND I WORK 20 HOURS."

ASKED WHETHER HE FAVORED A SOVIET-AMERICAN SUMMIT CONFERENCE OR A BIG FOUR MEETING, HE REPLIED:

"IT'S NOT THE QUESTION OF QUANTITY, IT'S THE QUALITY THAT COUNTS." KHRUSHCHEV SINGLED OUT THREE AMERICAN NEWSMEN AND DESCRIBED THEM AS MAN WHO OFTEN WRITE OBJECTIVELY AND HONESTLY ABOUT SOVIET DEVELOPMENTS. THEY WERE COLUMNIST WALTER LIPPMAN AND NEW YORK TIMES REPORTERS HARRISON SALISBURY AND MAX FRANKEL.

ALSO ATTENDING THE BULGARIAN AFFAIR WAS CLEVELAND INDUSTRIALIST CYRUS EATON, WHO RECENTLY PLAYED HOST AT A LUNCHEON FOR KHRUSHCHEV. EATON AND HIS WIFE WERE INVITED BY BULGARIAN COMMUNIST PARTY CHIEF TODOR ZHIVKOV TO VISIT HIS COUNTRY, AND THEY ACCEPTED.

AS KHRUSHCHEV LEFT THE RECEPTION, AGAIN AT GROMYKO'S URGING, HE WAS BOOED BY 73RD STREET RESIDENTS LEANING OUT OF THEIR APARTMENT WINDOWS. HE ANSWERED BY WAVING, GRINNING AND CLASPING HIS HANDS OVER HIS HEAD.

EARLIER SOME 300 PERSONS STAGED A PRO-KHRUSHCHEV DEMONSTRATION NEAR THE SOVIET DELEGATION BUILDING ON PARK AVENUE WHERE KHRUSHCHEV IS STAYING. IT WAS THE FIRST PRO-KHRUSHCHEV DISPLAY OF ANY SIZE SINCE HE ARRIVED.

THE GROUP WAS LED BY A NEGRO, ARTHUR KNIGHT, WHO SAID HE WAS A MEMBER OF THE TEXTILE WORKERS UNION, AND SECRETARY OF "NEW YORK TRADE UNIONISTS FOR PEACE."

SEVERAL RUSSIANS CAME OUT OF THE BUILDING TO CHAT WITH THEM, AND WHEN KNIGHT ASKED IF HE COULD SEND IN A BOUQUET OF RED AND WHITE ROSES, HE WAS INVITED-INSIDE-WITH-SEVEN-OTHERS-TO DELIVER THE FLOWERS PERSONALLY.

THE REPORT THAT KHRUSHCHEV MAY STAY ANOTHER TWO WEEKS CAME AS THE POLICE DEPARTMENT DISCLOSED HE WANTS TO SPEND ANOTHER WEEKEND--HIS THIRD--AT THE SOVIET ESTATE ON LONG ISLAND.

KHRUSHCHEV HAS QUIPPED THAT HE MIGHT REMAIN IN THE UNITED STATES UNTIL 1962.
HF1053PED

A3UN

KHRUSHCHEV HIGHLIGHTS UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 3 (AP)-HIGHLIGHTS FROM THE STATEMENT BY PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV IN THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY TODAY: (ABOUT 390) SPREAD OF COMMUNISM: "WHEN THE SECOND WORLD WAR ENDED THERE WERE ONLY TWO SOCIALIST STATES ON EARTH: THE SOVIET UNION AND THE MONGOLIAN PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC...THE SOCIALIST STATES OF EUROPE AND ASIA (NOW) UNITED UNDER THEIR BANNERS OVER A BILLION PEOPLE."
NEWLY EMERGING COUNTRIES: "NEW YOUNG STATES...WHICH ADHERE TO A NEUTRALIST POLICY...HAVE BECOME INDEPENDENT COUNTRIES WITH A POPULATION NUMBERING OVER ONE BILLION."
UNITED NATIONS STRUCTURE: "IT BECOMES QUITE OBVIOUS THAT THE STRUCTURE OF SOME U.N. BODIES WHICH USED TO BE NORMAL FOR ITS OWN TIME AND USED TO REFLECT THE ACTUAL STATE OF AFFAIRS IS NOW OUT OF DATE."

SECRETARY GENERAL: "TODAY ONLY ONE MAN IS THE INTERPRETER AND THE EXECUTOR OF ALL THE DECISIONS OF THE ASSEMBLY AND THE SECURITY COUNCIL. BUT THERE IS AN OLD ADAGE THAT THERE NEITHER ARE NOR HAVE EVER BEEN ANY SAINTS ON EARTH."

DAG HAMMARSKJOLD: "EVERYONE HAS HEARD HOW VIGOROUSLY THE IMPERIALIST COUNTRIES DEFEND THE ATTITUDE AND POSITION OF MR. HAMMARSKJOLD. IS IT NOT CLEAR WHOSE INTERESTS HE INTERPRETS AND EXECUTES, WHOSE 'SAINT' HE IS?...MR. HAMMARSKJOLD HAS ALWAYS BEEN BIASED WITH REGARD TO THE SOCIALIST COUNTRIES; HE HAS ALWAYS UPHELD THE INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER COUNTRIES OF MONOPOLY CAPITAL...I WANT TO REAFFIRM THAT WE DO NOT TRUST MR. HAMMARSKJOLD AND CANNOT TRUST HIM. IF HE HIMSELF DOES NOT MUSTER UP ENOUGH COURAGE TO RESIGN, SO TO SAY, IN A CHIVALROUS MANNER, THEN WE SHALL DRAW THE NECESSARY CONCLUSIONS..."

U.N. REFORM: "IT IS POSSIBLE TO PICK ONE MAN FOR THE OFFICE OF THE U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL WHO COULD TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE THREE GROUPS OF STATES? WE THINK THAT IS IMPOSSIBLE...THEREFORE THE ONLY CORRECT SOLUTION LIES IN THE ESTABLISHMENT OF SUCH AN EXECUTIVE BODY IN WHICH THE THREE GROUPS OF STATES WOULD BE REPRESENTED BY THREE PERSONS..."

RED CHINA: "WITHOUT CHINA (AS A MEMBER) THERE CAN BE NO DISARMAMENT, WITHOUT CHINA THERE CAN BE NO NORMAL WORK OF THE UNITED NATIONS."

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER: "SOME SAY THAT KHRUSHCHEV AND EISENHOWER SHOULD BE LOCKED IN A ROOM AND KEPT THERE UNTIL THEY REACH AGREEMENT ON DISARMAMENT. BUT THIS, OF COURSE, IS NAIVE. WE MAY SIT TOGETHER INDEFINITELY BUT IF NO DESIRE TO COME TO AGREEMENT IS EVINCE BY THE PRESIDENT...NO SMOKE WILL COME FROM THE CHIMNEY AS IS THE TRADITION WHEN A POPE IS ELECTED."

COLONIALISM: "I WOULD LIKE TO SAY THAT THE U.S. PRESIDENT WHO SPOKE HERE WAS DEFENDING WHAT IS OLD, ROTTEN AND ALREADY COLLAPSING...YOU CANNOT MAKE THE DEAD BREATHE."

(END HIGHLIGHTS)

ML219PED

A130

(110)

LONDON, OCT 3 (AP)-MOSCOW RADIO TOLD THE SOVIET PEOPLE TONIGHT THAT NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV'S SPEECH AT THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY WAS PUNCTUATED BY STORMY APPLAUSE AND ENDED AMID AN OVATION. DURING THE SPEECH, MOSCOW SAID, U.N. GENERAL SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD SAT BENT OVER HIS PAPERS, NERVOUSLY WRITING SOMETHING. IT ADDED:

"BEHIND HAMMARSKJOLD HANGS A TERRESTIAL GLOBE. WOULD IT NOT HAVE BEEN BETTER TO HANG THERE MAPS OF THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE AND BELGIUM AND OF OTHER IMPERIALIST AND COLONIAL STATES WHOM HE SERVES?"

LATER THE SOVIET TASS AGENCY CONTINUED THE ATTACK ON HAMMARSKJOLD. HIS REPLY TO KHRUSHCHEV, IT SAID, WAS A HYPOCRITICAL ATTEMPT TO JUSTIFY HIS "SUBSERVIENT TO IMPERIALISTS AND COLONIALISTS."
HF1112PED

A16KX

SAN FRANCISCO, OCT. 3 (AP)-WHEN NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV GETS MAD, "SLAP HIM ON THE BACK OF HIS SQUAT, FAT NECK."
THAT ADVICE COMES FROM A MAN WHO DID JUST THAT -- MAYOR GEORGE CHRISTOPHER OF SAN FRANCISCO.

ADDRESSING THE CATHOLIC ALUMNI CLUB YESTERDAY, CHRISTOPHER RECALLED LAST YEAR'S VISIT OF THE SOVIET PREMIER IN SAN FRANCISCO: "I NOTICED THAT WHEN HE THOUGHT HE HAD ANGERED ME, HE WOULD SLAP ME ON THE BACK -- AND HARD, TOO -- OR JAB ME IN THE RIBS WITH AN ELBOW AND LAUGH."

"SO I DECIDED TO DO THE SAME THING TO HIM AND IT WORKED. BUT SOMETIMES IT TOOK A LOT OF SLAPPING BY BOTH OF US."

CHRISTOPHER'S SIZEUP OF MR. K?
"KHRUSHCHEV IS THE BIGGEST ACTOR, GREATEST BLUFFER AND HARDEST SLAPPER I HAVE EVER MET."

VR130PCS

A62WX

(360) SPAAK-NATO
BY SPENCER DAVIS

WASHINGTON, OCT. 3 (AP)-NATO SECRETARY GENERAL PAUL HENRI SPAAK SAID TODAY SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S OUTBURSTS AT THE UNITED NATIONS EMPHASIZE THE NECESSITY FOR THE 15 NATO COUNTRIES TO STICK TOGETHER.

HE MADE THE COMMENT TO NEWSMEN AFTER CONFERRING AN HOUR AND A HALF WITH ACTING SECRETARY OF STATE DOUGLAS DILLON ON LONG RANGE PLANS TO STRENGTHEN THE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIANCE.

SPAAK IS HAVING A BREAKFAST CONFERENCE WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AT THE WHITE HOUSE TOMORROW AND THEN FLIES TO NEW YORK FOR A MEETING WITH SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER TOMORROW NIGHT.

SPAAK SAID THAT PROGRESS IS BEING MADE IN WORKING OUT A NEW 10-YEAR PLAN FOR NATO WHICH WILL SET THE LONG RANGE OBJECTIVES IN THE POLITICAL AS WELL AS MILITARY FIELDS.

THE UNITED STATES TOOK THE LEAD LAST DECEMBER IN CALLING FOR SUCH A PLAN. HERTER OUTLINED IT AT THE NATO COUNCIL OF MINISTERS MEETING IN PARIS AND THE UNITED STATES HAS STRESSED THE NEED FOR INTEGRATION OF NATO FORCES AT ALL LEVELS.

IN A RECENT SPEECH, HERTER STRESSED THAT MODERN WEAPONS HAVE REDUCED THE MARGINS OF TIME AND SPACE AVAILABLE FOR MILITARY DEFENSE. TO MAKE ANY KIND OF EFFECTIVE COLLECTIVE DEFENSE IN THE MISSILE AGE REQUIRES FAR MORE INTEGRATION IN PLANNING, COMMAND AND LOGISTIC SUPPORT THAN EVER BEFORE, HE SAID.

HERTER TOOK THE POSITION THAT SUCH INTEGRATION IN DEFENSE COULD BE ACCOMPLISHED WITHOUT TAKING AWAY THE SOVEREIGNTY OF ANY ONE OF THE 15 MEMBERS OF THE ATLANTIC ALLIANCE.

PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE OF FRANCE, HOWEVER, HAS INSISTED THAT FRANCE BUILD UP ITS OWN DEFENSE CAPABILITY, PARTICULARLY IN NUCLEAR WEAPONS. HE HAS NOT TAKEN KINDLY TO THE IDEA OF INTEGRATION WHICH, DE GAULLE FEELS, MIGHT MAKE FRANCE DEPENDENT UPON MORE POWERFUL ALLIES.

RECENT REPORTS FROM BONN INDICATE WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER IS BECOMING INCREASINGLY ALARMED OVER THE EFFECT OF DE GAULLE'S POLICY ON NATO. SPAAK ACKNOWLEDGED THAT INTEGRATION IS A DIFFICULT QUESTION AT NATO. HE SAID THE FRENCH POSITION HAD BEEN DISCUSSED FULLY WITH DILLON.

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SPAARK EXPRESSED HOPE THAT THE NATO 10-YEAR PLAN WILL BE READY FOR DISCUSSION IN DECEMBER AT THE ANNUAL COUNCIL OF MINISTERS MEETING AND CAN BE COMPLETED BY NEXT MAY.

SPEAKING OF KHRUSHCHEV, SPAARK SAID HIS BELLICOSE STATEMENTS EMPHASIZED THE NEED FOR NATO UNITY. HE APPLAUDED SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD FOR REFUSING TO STEP OUT OF THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION
EG657PED

A105

(340)
UNITED NATIONS, OCT 3 (AP)-HUNGARIAN COMMUNIST PARTY LEADER JANOS KADAR SAID TODAY THE DISCUSSION OF THE HUNGARIAN QUESTION IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY IS AN INADMISSIBLE ATTEMPT TO INTERFERE IN HIS COUNTRY'S DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

KADAR WAS THE LAST OF THE SIX SATELLITE LEADERS TO ADDRESS THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY. AS DID HIS COLLEAGUES, HE FULLY ENDORSED PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S VIEWS ON DISARMAMENT, COLONIES, THE CONGO CRISIS AND THE ALGERIAN WAR.

ABOUT HALF THE DELEGATIONS REMAINED OUT WHILE KADAR SPOKE. MANY HAD BEEN ABSENT DURING MOST OF THE AFTERNOON SESSION.

EVERYONE IS AWARE, KADAR SAID, THAT "THE MUCH DISPUTED 1956 EVENTS IN HUNGARY ARE OUTWORN QUESTIONS, SETTLED BY HISTORY AND BELONGING TO THE PAST." HE DESCRIBED THE 1956 ANTI-RUSSIAN NATIONAL UPRISING AS "A COUNTER-REVOLUTIONARY PUTSCH ORGANIZED ABROAD, PREPARED FOR MANY YEARS BY INTERNATIONAL REACTIONARY FORCES."

THE UNITED STATES, BY ASKING THAT THE HUNGARIAN QUESTION BE PUT ON THE AGENDA OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, AIMED AT HITTING THE SOVIET UNION, KADAR DECLARED. HE ADDED:

"WE HUNGARIANS, ARE SOMETIMES INCLINED TO BELIEVE THAT THE EARTH REVOLVES AROUND US, BUT EVEN WE DO NOT BELIEVE THAT THE INFLUENTIAL CIRCLES OF THE UNITED STATES WOULD SEE HUNGARY AS THE MAIN OBSTACLE IN THE REALIZATION OF THEIR PLANS FOR WORLD DOMINATION."

KADAR INVITED U.N. OFFICIALS TO VISIT HUNGARY TO SEE THE SITUATION IN HIS COUNTRY, WHICH HE DEPICTED IN ROSY COLORS.

BUT, HE SAID, HIS GOVERNMENT IS NOT WILLING TO RECEIVE OR TO GIVE INFORMATION TO SIR LESLIE MUNRO, SPECIAL U.N. REPRESENTATIVE ON HUNGARY, WHO HAS BEEN ASSIGNED, KADAR SAID, "TO DEAL WITH A COLD WAR ISSUE."

HE SAID HE WANTED TO ANSWER THOSE WHO "ARE EAGER TO KNOW WHEN SOVIET TROOPS WILL BE WITHDRAWN FROM HUNGARY."

THIS WILL HAPPEN, THE HUNGARIAN COMMUNIST SAID, AS SOON AS THE WARSAW PACT CAN BE DISSOLVED, SIMULTANEOUSLY WITH THE DISSOLUTION OF THE ATLANTIC (NATO) ALLIANCE. "THEN THERE WILL BE NO FOREIGN MILITARY UNITS IN ANY ONE OF THE COUNTRIES IN THE WORLD," KADAR SAID.

HE INVITED ALL HUNGARIAN REFUGEES WHO LEFT HIS COUNTRY AFTER THE RUSSIANS CRUSHED THE 1956 REVOLT TO RETURN TO HIS COUNTRY BECAUSE THEY ARE "THE UNFORTUNATE VICTIMS OF COLD WAR PROPAGANDA."

COMMENTING ON THE SPEECH, MUNRO SAID KADAR "WAS A WILLING PARTY IN THE ACTION OF SOVIET TROOPS SHOOTING DOWN HUNDREDS OF HUNGARIAN WORKERS WHO TOOK PART IN THE UPRISING."

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A144

(340)

BY ENDRE MARTON

NEW YORK, OCT. 3 (AP)-WLADYSLAW GOMULKA OF POLAND URGED TONIGHT BETTER EAST-WEST TRADE RELATIONS DESPITE POLITICAL DIFFERENCES.

"THIS IS PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE, AS WE UNDERSTAND IT," THE COMMUNIST LEADER OF POLAND DECLARED AT A DINNER GIVEN IN HIS HONOR BY CLEVELAND INDUSTRIALIST CYRUS EATON.

IN A ONE HOUR OFF-THE-CUFF AFTER DINNER SPEECH GOMULKA RESTATED THE COMMUNIST POSITION CONCERNING DISARMAMENT, THE QUESTION OF PEACE AND THE NECESSITY OF COEXISTENCE.

"THINGS WHICH SEPARATE US SHOULD BE SUBORDINATED TO THE UNDERSTANDING OF THE NEW CONCEPT OF WORKING TOGETHER," THE POLISH LEADER TOLD HIS HOST AND A GROUP OF ABOUT 50 AMERICAN INDUSTRIALISTS AND NEWSMEN EATON INVITED TO HIS TABLE.

IT WAS A LAVISH DINNER AT WHICH THE BILTMORE HOTEL DISPLAYED ITS GOLD-PLATED PLATES. GOMULKA WAS SEATED NEXT TO EATON, WHILE THE INDUSTRIALIST'S WIFE WAS FLANKED BY ADAM RAPACKI, POLAND'S FOREIGN MINISTER, AND ROMUALD SPASOWSKI, THE POLISH AMBASSADOR TO WASHINGTON.

WHILE IN 1938 POLAND'S PER CAPITA PRODUCTION WAS 20 PER CENT OF THE PRODUCTION OF WESTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES, THIS FIGURE IS NOW MORE THAN 60 PER CENT, SHOWING GREAT PROGRESS, GOMULKA SAID.

TO MAINTAIN THIS INCREASE POLAND NEEDS CAPITAL INVESTMENTS AND MANY WESTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES ARE ASSISTING ITS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT.

ONE OF THESE COUNTRIES, GOMULKA SAID, WAS WEST GERMANY, THOUGH THERE ARE NO DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES.

TRADE WITH THE UNITED STATES, ON THE OTHER HAND, DOES NOT DEVELOP SATISFACTORILY, THE POLISH LEADER CONTINUED, AND NO SIGNIFICANT PROGRESS CAN BE EXPECTED IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

GOMULKA SAID THE TWO SYSTEMS CAN AND SHOULD LIVE SIDE BY SIDE AND SHOULD LET THE UNCOMMITTED COUNTRIES CHOOSE FOR THEMSELVES WHETHER TO FOLLOW THE COMMUNIST EXAMPLE OR THAT OF THE CAPITALIST COUNTRIES.

HE CONCEDED THAT BOTH THE SOVIET UNION AND POLAND ARE SPENDING MUCH FOR MILITARY PURPOSES AND WHEN THEY REQUEST DISARMAMENT THEY DO IT, AMONG OTHER REASONS, TO USE THIS MONEY FOR PEACEFUL DEVELOPMENT.

"UNFORTUNATELY WE CANNOT DO THIS UNDER THE PRESENT CIRCUMSTANCES," GOMULKA SAID.

EATON, IN HIS ADDRESS TO HIS GUEST, SAID THE UNITED STATES BLUNDERS IN LEADING THE OPPOSITION TO ADMISSION OF CHINA INTO THE UNITED NATIONS.

HE SAID HE WAS MUCH IMPRESSED BY SOVIET, RED CHINESE AND INDIAN DIPLOMATS HE MET IN WARSAW DURING HIS VISIT THERE LAST JUNE.

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A48 w
(230)

NIGHT LEAD NUCLEAR

WASHINGTON, OCT. 3 (AP)-THE HEAD OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION SAID TODAY THAT IN THE ABSENCE OF ANY PROOF TO THE CONTRARY "I CAN ONLY SURMISE" THAT THE RUSSIANS ARE PROCEEDING WITH UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR TESTS.

AEC CHAIRMAN JOHN A. MCCONE ACKNOWLEDGED HE HAS NO EVIDENCE THE RUSSIANS ARE CONTINUING TESTING, SAYING "THERE IS NO INSTRUMENTATION FROM WHICH EVIDENCE COULD BE GOTTEN."

BUT, HE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE, IT WOULD BE RELATIVELY EASY AND INEXPENSIVE FOR RUSSIA TO GO AHEAD IF IT WISHED.

"THE DETECTION CHANCES WOULD BE VIRTUALLY NIL AND THE ADVANCES TO BE GAINED WOULD BE SUBSTANTIAL," MCCONE SAID.

THE AEC CHAIRMAN SAID HE FEELS THE UNITED STATES SHOULD PROCEED WITH UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR TEST EXPLOSIONS TO PERFECT A SYSTEM FOR DETECTING SUCH BELOW-GROUND BLASTS.

MCCONE RETURNED SUNDAY FROM A CONFERENCE OF THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY IN VIENNA.

AT THAT CONFERENCE, HE TOLD NEWSMEN TODAY, IT WAS CLEARLY SHOWN THAT THIS COUNTRY MAINTAINS "A VERY SATISFACTORY POSITION AMONG THE NATIONS OF THE WORLD GENUINELY INTERESTED IN THE PEACEFUL USE OF THE ATOM."

THE RUSSIANS, HE SAID, FAILED IN EFFORTS TO USE THE VIENNA CONFERENCE FOR PROPAGANDA PURPOSES.

AS FOR THE TEST SUSPENSION NEGOTIATIONS DRAGGING ON IN GENEVA, MCCONE SAID THAT WHILE HE HAS NOT ADVOCATED ANY DEADLINE "WE CAN'T GO ON AS NOW INDEFINITELY."

PRESSED BY REPORTERS, MCCONE SEVERAL TIMES REFUSED TO SET A TIME WHEN THE UNITED STATES SHOULD RESUME TESTING, OR SAY DEFINITELY THAT IT WOULD. HOWEVER, HE SAID IT WOULD TAKE ONLY A FEW WEEKS TO PREPARE FOR A RESUMPTION OF UNDERGROUND TESTING.

EG1111PED NM

A52
(140)

GENEVA, OCT. 3 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES PROPOSED TODAY THAT A NUCLEAR TEST BAN CONTROL SYSTEM BEGIN TO OPERATE WITH THE INSTALLATION OF THE FIRST CHECKING DEVICES ON SOVIET, BRITISH AND AMERICAN TERRITORY. U.S. DELEGATE CHARLES C. STELLE OFFERED THIS ADDITION TO A GLOBAL CONTROL PLAN OUTLINED BY BRITAIN LAST WEEK AT THE BIG THREE NUCLEAR TEST BAN CONFERENCE. SOVIET DELEGATE SEMYON K. TSARAPKIN SAID HE WOULD STUDY THE PROPOSAL.

"EACH CONTROL POST AND EACH OTHER FACILITY SHALL BE PUT INTO OPERATION IN WHOLE OR IN PART AS IT IS INSTALLED AND THE WHOLE SYSTEM SHALL BE FULLY OPERATIONAL WITHIN SIX YEARS AFTER THE TREATY IS SIGNED," THE AMERICAN PROPOSAL SAID.

IT ALSO SPECIFIED THAT "AIRCRAFT SAMPLING FACILITIES SHALL BE ESTABLISHED AND FULLY OPERATIONAL WITHIN TWO YEARS AFTER THE TREATY IS PUT INTO FORCE." THE BRITISH PLAN PROVIDED FOR USE OF SHIPS TO TEST RADIOACTIVITY IN THE AIR AND WATER.

LK552PED

A125WX

(360) NIGHT LEAD PAULING
WASHINGTON, OCT. 3 (AP)-DR. LINUS PAULING TODAY ACCUSED THE SENATE INTERNAL SECURITY SUBCOMMITTEE OF HARASSMENT AND SAID IT "IS A DISCREDIT TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES AND TO THE PEOPLE OF AMERICA." SEN. THOMAS J. DODD, D-CONN., VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE, EARLIER IN THE DAY HAD ACCUSED PAULING OF POSING AS A MARTYR IN REFUSING TO NAME THOSE WHO HELPED HIM GET SIGNATURES OF 11,021 SCIENTISTS OPPOSING NUCLEAR TESTING.

THE COMMITTEE HAS BEEN DEMANDING THE NAMES OF PAULING'S HELPERS AND THE NOBEL PRIZE WINNING SCIENTIST HAS REQUESTED THE SUPREME COURT TO UPHOLD HIS REFUSAL TO NAME THEM.

DODD SAID THE ONLY THING THE COMMITTEE IS INVESTIGATING IS THIS: "WAS THERE SUBSTANTIAL COMMUNIST PARTICIPATION IN THE ORGANIZATION OF THE PETITION? WAS THE PETITION UTILIZED FOR COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA PURPOSES, IN SUPPORT OF SOVIET FOREIGN POLICY, AND IF SO, IN WHAT MANNER AND TO WHAT DEGREE?"

PAULING, WHOSE HOME IS IN PASADENA, CALIF., SAID IN A TWO COLUMN NEWSPAPER ADVERTISEMENT:

"I AM CONVINCED BY THE RECORD OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE THAT REPRISAL IN THE FORM OF HARASSMENT AND, IN SOME INSTANCES, LOSS OF EMPLOYMENT WOULD BE EXPERIENCED BY THOSE WHO CIRCULATED THEIR NAMES. I AM NOT WILLING TO BE A PARTY TO THIS HARASSMENT AND INFLICTION OF REPRISALS UPON CONSCIENTIOUS AMERICANS WHO HAVE BROKEN NO LAW BUT HAVE BEEN STRIVING TO DO THEIR DUTY AS CITIZENS."

"THE REASON FOR THE ATTACK BY THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON ME AND ON THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE FOR A SANE NUCLEAR POLICY AND OTHER WORKERS FOR PEACE AND INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS LEADING TO DISARMAMENT IS CLEAR," PAULING ADDED.

HE SAID DODD IS TRYING "TO INTENSIFY, INCREASE, AND ACCELERATE THE COLD WAR AND TO INCREASE THE AMOUNT OF MONEY SPENT BY THE AMERICAN PEOPLE ON BOMBS AND MISSILES AND OTHER MILITARY MATERIALS, WITH INCREASE IN THE COLD WAR PROFITS THAT ARE BEING MADE..."

DODD SAID IN HIS STATEMENT THE SUBCOMMITTEE IS NOT INVESTIGATING DR. PAULING'S VIEWPOINT ON NUCLEAR TESTING. HE SAID THAT WHILE HE CONSIDERS PAULING'S GENERAL POSITION ON THE ISSUE AS MISTAKEN, IT IS WIDELY HELD AND IN SOME MEASURE COINCIDES WITH THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION'S POSITION.

"GIVEN THIS SITUATION," DODD DECLARED, "IT IS PREPOSTEROUS TO SUGGEST THAT THE SUBCOMMITTEE WOULD OR COULD INFLICT REPRISALS--DOUBLY PREPOSTEROUS IN VIEW OF THE FACT THAT MANY OF THOSE WHO COLLABORATED WITH DR. PAULING WERE NATIONALS OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES."

EG1044PED NM

A136 700

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR PMS OF MONDAY
BY WILLIAM N. OATIS

(ADVANCE)... UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 3 (AP)-SOME STATESMEN SAY THE UNITED NATIONS, LIKE CAESAR'S GAUL, IS DIVIDED INTO THREE PARTS, AND THEY CALL THEM EASTERN, WESTERN AND NEUTRAL. THE 98 U.N. MEMBERS CANNOT EASILY BE FILED INTO THESE THREE PIGEONHOLES BECAUSE THE WAY THEY SPLIT UP AT ANY GIVEN MOMENT DEPENDS ON THE ISSUE THEY ARE FACING AT THAT MOMENT.

BUT A GROWING NEED HAS ARISEN FOR SUCH A CLASSIFICATION. THERE IS AN INCREASING TENDENCY TO BREAK DOWN THE U.N. MEMBERSHIP ALONG THE LINES OF COMMITMENT AND NONCOMMITMENT TO THE TWO GREAT POWER BLOCS.

FOR ONE THING, SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV LATELY HAS SUGGESTED:

1. THAT FIVE "STATES ADHERING TO A NEUTRAL COURSE" SHOULD BE ADDED TO THE 10-NATION DISARMAMENT COMMITTEE THAT NOW CONSISTS, AS HE PUT IT, OF "STATES BELONGING TO THE OPPOSING MILITARY GROUPINGS."

2. THAT U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD SHOULD BE REPLACED WITH A COMMITTEE OF THREE PERSONS REPRESENTING RESPECTIVELY "THE STATES PARTIES TO THE MILITARY BLOCS OF THE WESTERN POWERS, THE SOCIALIST (COMMUNIST) STATES AND THE NEUTRALIST STATES."

FOR ANOTHER THING, PRESIDENT KWAME NKRUMAH OF GHANA HAS CALLED FOR THE FORMATION OF A FRONT OF NEUTRALIST COUNTRIES, AND PRINCE NORODOM SIHANOUK, CHIEF OF STATE OF CAMBODIA, HAS SAID SUCH COUNTRIES SHOULD PUT PRESSURE ON THE BIG POWERS TO EASE TENSIONS.

BUT HOW CAN YOU TELL WHICH COUNTRY IS PRO-WESTERN, WHICH IS PRO-EASTERN AND WHICH IS NEUTRALIST? WHATEVER CRITERION YOU ADOPT IS BOUND TO FAIL AT ONE POINT OR ANOTHER.

ONE WAY TO BREAK THE U.N. MEMBERSHIP INTO THREE PARTS IS TO TAKE COUNTRIES IN WESTERN MILITARY ALLIANCES AND COUNT THEM AS PRO-WESTERN, TAKE THOSE IN EASTERN ALLIANCES AND COUNT THEM AS PRO-EASTERN AND TAKE THOSE IN NO ALLIANCES AT ALL AND COUNT THEM AS NEUTRAL.

THIS WORKS WHEN IT COMES TO THE EASTERN ALLIANCE, THE WARSAW TREATY ORGANIZATION. ALBANIA, BULGARIA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, HUNGARY, POLAND, ROMANIA, THE SOVIET UNION, THE UKRAINE AND WHITE RUSSIA STAND SIDE BY SIDE ON EVERY INTERNATIONAL ISSUE, IN THE UNITED NATIONS AND OUT.

BUT THE SAME SYSTEM BREAKS DOWN WHEN IT IS APPLIED TO WESTERN MILITARY GROUPINGS. SINCE THE UNITED STATES IS BOTH A KINGPIN OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION AND THE MOST POWERFUL COUNTRY IN THE ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES, YOU MIGHT SUPPOSE THAT YOU COULD COUNT ALL OAS MEMBERS IN THE WESTERN CAMP.

BUT LOOK AT CUBA. IT IS IN THE OAS, BUT IT IS A BITTER FOE OF THE UNITED STATES, AND IT LEANS TOWARD THE SOVIET UNION.

WELL, THEN, YOU MIGHT SAY, LET US SEE HOW THE DIFFERENT COUNTRIES VOTE ON VARIOUS RESOLUTIONS IN THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY, AND JUDGE FROM THAT. THIS IS NO GOOD AT ALL WHEN THE RESOLUTIONS CONCERN SUCH THINGS AS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, COLONIALISM AND PALESTINE.

WHEN YOU GET TO COLD WAR ISSUES, THERE ARE STILL VARIATIONS. IRELAND, FOR EXAMPLE, VOTES FOR DISCUSSING COMMUNIST CHINESE OPPRESSION OF TIBET, ALONG WITH THE UNITED STATES; BUT IT ALSO VOTES FOR DISCUSSING A U.N. SEAT FOR COMMUNIST CHINA, AGAINST THE UNITED STATES.

30.24-13115

HOWEVER, A ROUGH CLASSIFICATION CAN BE WORKED OUT ON THE BASIS OF THE YEAR-IN, YEAR-OUT VOTES ON ALL COLD WAR ISSUES, AND THE EXPECTATIONS OF HOW THE 16 NEW U.N. MEMBERS WILL VOTE ON SUCH ISSUES.

THIS INVOLVES A GUESS THAT THE NEW U.N. MEMBERS FROM THE FRENCH COMMUNITY WILL VOTE INITIALLY WITH FRANCE--EXCEPT FOR MALI, WHICH HAS SEEMED SKITTISH. GIVEN THAT RESERVATION, HERE IS THE BREAKDOWN:

PRO-EASTERN--THE WARSAW TREATY COUNTRIES.
PRO-WESTERN--ARGENTINA, AUSTRALIA, BELGIUM, BOLIVIA, BRAZIL, BRITAIN, CANADA, THE CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC, CHAD, CHILE, NATIONALIST CHINA, COLOMBIA, CONGO (FORMERLY FRENCH), COSTA RICA, CYPRUS, DAHOMEY, DENMARK, THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC, ECUADOR, EL SALVADOR, FRANCE, GABON, GREECE, GUATEMALA, HAITI, HONDURAS, ICELAND, IRAN, ISRAEL, ITALY, THE IVORY COAST, JAPAN, JORDAN, LAOS, LUXEMBOURG, THE MALAGASY REPUBLIC, MALAYA, MEXICO, THE NETHERLANDS, NEW ZEALAND, NICARAGUA, NIGER, NORWAY, PAKISTAN, PANAMA, PARAGUAY, PERU, THE PHILIPPINES, PORTUGAL, SENEGAL, SOUTH AFRICA, SPAIN, THAILAND, TURKEY, THE UNITED STATES, UPPER VOLTA, URUGUAY AND VENEZUELA.

NEUTRAL BUT LIKELY TO VOTE WITH THE EAST--AFGHANISTAN, CAMBODIA, CUBA, GHANA, GUINEA, INDONESIA, IRAQ, MALI, SAUDI ARABIA, YEMEN AND YUGOSLAVIA.

NEUTRAL BUT LIKELY TO VOTE WITH THE WEST--AUSTRIA, CAMEROON, ETHIOPIA, FINLAND, IRELAND, LIBERIA, LIBYA, MOROCCO, SOMALIA, SUDAN, SWEDEN, TOGO AND TUNISIA.

NEUTRAL WITH A LIKELY SWING VOTE--BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, LEBANON, NEPAL AND UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC.

THE CONGO (THE FORMER BELGIAN COLONY) IS AN UNKNOWN QUANTITY.

THE ASSEMBLY HAS NOT YET GIVEN A SEAT EITHER TO A PRO-EASTERN DELEGATION SENT BY SOMETIME PREMIER PATRICE LUMUMBA AND A PRO-WESTERN DELEGATION SENT BY HIS RIVAL, PRESIDENT JOSEPH KASAVUBU.

END ADVANCE FOR PMS OF MONDAY OCT.3...MOVED OCT.1)

B1141AED

B22 (SEG)
(300)

BY CARL FLICK-STEGER

COLOGNE, GERMANY, OCT. 3 (AP)--ROBERT SERVATIUS, 65-YEAR-OLD COLOGNE LAWYER, FLEW OFF TO ISRAEL TODAY TO CONFER WITH ADOLF EICHMANN ABOUT THE FORMER NAZI'S DEFENSE.

"I AM GOING TO ISRAEL TO ESTABLISH THE FACTS AND CLARIFY THE LEGAL QUESTIONS," SERVATIUS SAID BEFORE LEAVING.

EICHMANN WAS DIRECTOR OF THE NAZI UNIT THAT EXTERMINATED AN ESTIMATED SIX MILLION JEWS. ISRAELI COMMANDOS CAPTURED HIM IN ARGENTINA AND SECRETLY BROUGHT HIM TO ISRAEL FOR TRIAL.

EICHMANN'S BROTHER REQUESTED SERVATIUS TO TAKE OVER THE DEFENSE.

THE LAWYER SAID HE AGREED TO TAKE THE CASE "BECAUSE EICHMANN'S FRIENDS CAN'T AND HIS ENEMIES WON'T."

"STRICTLY SPEAKING," SAID SERVATIUS, "I HAVE NOT YET RECEIVED PERMISSION TO BE EICHMANN'S DEFENSE ATTORNEY. I HAVE ONLY BEEN PERMITTED TO SPEAK WITH EICHMANN IN THE PRESENCE OF AN OFFICIAL."

"BUT I DO NOT DOUBT THAT ALL WILL GO ACCORDING TO PLAN AND THAT I SHALL TAKE OVER HIS DEFENSE AS SOON AS THE NECESSARY LAWS HAVE BEEN PASSED BY THE KNESSET."

THE KNESSET, THE ISRAELI PARLIAMENT, MUST ENACT SPECIAL LEGISLATION TO AUTHORIZE A FOREIGN ATTORNEY TO APPEAR AS COUNSEL IN ISRAELI COURTS.

SERVATIUS IS A VETERAN LAWYER WHO DEFENDED FRITZ SAUCKEL, DIRECTOR OF THE NAZI SLAVE LABOR ORGANIZATION, AT THE NUERNBERG WAR CRIMES TRIALS. SAUCKEL WAS CONVICTED AND EXECUTED IN 1946.

NEVER A NAZI, SERVATIUS WAS IN FREQUENT TROUBLE WITH THE NAZIS DURING THE HITLER ERA. HE SERVED AS A SOLDIER IN WORLD WAR II AND WAS SEVERELY WOUNDED.

HE SAID HE HAS RECEIVED MANY LETTERS CONDEMNING OR PRAISING HIM FOR HIS DECISION TO DEFEND EICHMANN. "THERE WON'T BE ANY LAURELS TO EARN IN THIS TRIAL," HE OBSERVED.

ISRAELI POLICE HAVE BUILT A SPECIAL SOUND-PROOF TRANSPARENT BOOTH FOR SERVATIUS' MEETING WITH EICHMANN. THE TWO MEN WILL BE ALLOWED TO TALK FREELY WITHOUT BEING HEARD BY GUARDS ASSIGNED TO KEEP AN EYE ON THE FORMER NAZI. THE LAWYER WILL BE SEATED NEAR EICHMANN INSIDE THE BOOTH BUT NOT CLOSE ENOUGH TO REACH HIM.

TB620AED

B42 (Q)

(240)

BONN, GERMANY, OCT. 3 (AP)--DEFENSE MINISTRY OFFICIALS SAID TODAY THE WEST GERMAN NAVY IS INTERESTED IN AMERICAN AND BRITISH MISSILES FOR A PLANNED SERIES OF MODERN DESTROYERS.

GEN. LAURIS NORSTAD, SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER EUROPE, HAS JOINED THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT IN PETITIONING BONN'S ALLIES TO GIVE GERMANY AUTHORITY TO BUILD 6,000-TON DESTROYERS.

THE FOREIGN OFFICE SAID THE FORMAL PETITION WILL BE DELIVERED THIS WEEK TO THE WESTERN EUROPEAN UNION (WEU) IN LONDON. WEU, MADE UP OF FRANCE, BRITAIN, BELGIUM, HOLLAND, LUXEMBOURG, ITALY AND WEST GERMANY, REGULATES WEST GERMAN ARMAMENTS.

UNDER CURRENT AUTHORITY, BONN MAY NOT BUILD DESTROYERS HEAVIER THAN 3,000 TONS. NORSTAD AND WEST GERMAN OFFICIALS HAVE SAID DESTROYERS WEIGHING SO LITTLE CANNOT BE EQUIPPED WITH MISSILES AND COULD NOT DO THE REQUIRED POLICING JOB IN THE BALTIC SEA.

THE DEFENSE MINISTRY SAID THAT IF AND WHEN EXPECTED WEU SANCTION IS GIVEN, FURTHER NEGOTIATIONS WILL BE HELD WITH THE AMERICANS AND THE BRITISH ON MISSILES FOR THE DESTROYERS.

THE GERMANS SAID THEY ARE INTERESTED IN THE AMERICAN TARTAR, A SURFACE-TO-AIR ROCKET WITH A RANGE OF 25 MILES, AND THE BRITISH SEACAT, ALSO A SURFACE-TO-AIR ROCKET, BUT WITH A GREATER RANGE. OFFICIALS SAID THEY WERE NOT PERMITTED TO DISCLOSE THE RANGE.

THESE AUTHORITIES DENIED A STORY IN THE SUNDAY DISPATCH OF LONDON YESTERDAY THAT WEST GERMANY HAD AGREED TO BUY THE BRITISH-MADE SEASLUG FOR THE DESTROYERS. THE MISSILE, THEY SAID, IS TOO BIG EVEN FOR 6,000-TON DESTROYERS. ITS RANGE ALSO IS SECRET.

RQ-DA935AED

B15CD Q

CAMBODIAN PRINCE (200)

KENT, OHIO, OCT. 3 (AP)--PRINCE NORODOM SIHANOUK, CHIEF OF STATE OF CAMBODIA, TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE AT KENT STATE UNIVERSITY TODAY HIS COUNTRY WOULD FAVOR RED CHINA'S ADMISSION TO THE UNITED NATIONS. HE PREFACED THIS BY SAYING CAMBODIA, AS A NEUTRAL, WOULD NOT ENTER INTO DEBATE BEFORE THE U-N ON THE QUESTION.

THE PRINCE, HERE TO ADDRESS THE STUDENT BODY, TOLD THE NEWS CONFERENCE HE WOULD SUPPORT RED CHINA'S ADMISSION TO THE WORLD ORGANIZATION BECAUSE RED CHINA HAS SUPPORTED CAMBODIA IN BORDER DISPUTES WITH THAILAND AND SOUTH VIETNAM.

"WE HAVE HAD VERY REAL FRONTIER DIFFICULTIES WITH OUR NEIGHBORS, THAILAND AND SOUTH VIETNAM, BOTH OF WHICH ARE CLOSELY ASSOCIATED WITH THE WEST," DECLARED THE CAMBODIAN LEADER.

"PEOPLE ARE OFTEN POINTING OUT TO US THE DIFFICULTY INDIA IS HAVING WITH CHINA ABOUT ITS FRONTIERS AS AN EXAMPLE OF WHAT WE CAN EXPECT FROM RED CHINA," HE CONTINUED. "BUT THEY SEEM TO FORGET WE HAVE NO COMMON FRONTIER WITH THAT POWERFUL NATION."

THE SOUTHEAST ASIAN LEADER HAS OPPOSED THE SOVIET MOVE TO ELIMINATE DAG HAMMERKJOLD'S OFFICE OF SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

IN HIS ADDRESS THE PRINCE DEALT WITH PROBLEMS OF EDUCATION IN CAMBODIA AND INTERNAL PROBLEMS OF THE COUNTRY.

PS334PED NM

B48 Q

KX FOR SAN DIEGO (250)

LONDON, OCT. 3 (AP)—A U.S. ADM. HAROLD DEUTERMANN SAID TONIGHT THE RECENT NATO WAR GAMES PROVED BEYOND DOUBT THAT THE AIRCRAFT CARRIER STILL IS AT THE FOREFRONT OF NAVAL POWER.

"I KNOW THAT THE RUSSIANS HAVE NOT GOT THEM AND ARE CONCENTRATING ON SUBMARINES," SAID DEUTERMANN. "BUT I WOULD BACK A FULLY ARMED CARRIER WITH ITS MODERN AIRCRAFT AGAINST A NUCLEAR SUBMARINE ANY TIME." DEUTERMANN IS COMMANDER OF THE U.S. ATLANTIC FLEET.

NATO'S SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ATLANTIC, U.S. ADM. ROBERT DENNISON, SAID THE BIG EXERCISE WHICH ENDED SATURDAY WAS AN OUTSTANDING SUCCESS.

OPERATIONS FROM THE NORWEGIAN SEA TO THE BAY OF BISCAY BROUGHT SCORES OF ALLIED SHIPS INTO SIMULATED BATTLE DESIGNED TO TEST THE WEST'S DEFENSES.

DENNISON CAUTIONED THAT THE SUCCESS OF THE OPERATION MUST NOT LEAD TO "ROCKING CHAIR COMPLACENCY." ALL ALLIED GOVERNMENTS SHOULD CONTINUE TO STRENGTHEN AND IMPROVE THEIR FORCES, HE SAID.

BRITAIN'S COMMANDER IN CHIEF IN THE EASTERN ATLANTIC, SIR WILFRED WOODS, TOLD NEWSMEN THAT SOVIET TRAWLERS WHICH TURNED UP IN THE EXERCISE GROUNDS "HAD AS MUCH RIGHT AS WE HAD TO BE THERE." BUT HE WAS NOT SATISFIED THAT FISHING WAS THEIR ONLY JOB.

"I AM SURE THEY WERE TAKING A KEEN INTEREST IN WHAT WAS GOING ON," HE SAID.

AS HE SPOKE, THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS WAS ACCUSING THE WESTERN NAVIES OF "A PROVOCATION" AGAINST A SOVIET FISHING BOAT.

IT SAID THE BOAT'S CAPTAIN, ANAOLI GOLOSEYEV, REPORTED MORE THAN 30 ALLIED SHIPS INCLUDING SUBMARINES AND DESTROYERS MADE A MOCK ATTACK ON HIS BOAT WITH ALL NAVIGATION LIGHTS DOUSED.

HE SAID HE HAD TO STOP HIS ENGINES SEVERAL TIMES TO AVOID A COLLISION.

RK720PED

End Oct. 3, 1960